

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Optibond[™] Solo Plus

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Optibond™ Solo Plus
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Dental product
Area of application	: Professional applications.
Manufacturer	: Kerr Corporation 1717 West Collins Avenue Orange, CA 92867-5422 Telephone no.: 1-800-KERR-123
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: edwin.varela@kavokerrgroup.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC® (24 hours) U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
	Health effects are based on the uncured material.
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 51.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code : Not available.	CAS number	: Not applicable.
	Product code	: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
ethanol	ethanol	10-30	64-17-5
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	10-30	868-77-9
	2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl bismethacrylate	1-5	1830-78-0
alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	disodium hexafluorosilicate	0.1-1	16893-85-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 No special measures are required. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation	 No special measures required. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	 No special measures required. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	on	<u>IS</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	÷	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medic	ca	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	;	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	In case of major fire and large quantities: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO ₂ .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: In case of major fire and large quantities: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: Low release. For professional use only. Handling of product in very small amounts or in situations where release is highly unlikely		
For emergency responders	: Low release. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
	: Low release. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for cor	tainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Small Quantity. For professional use only. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.		
Large spill	: Small Quantity. For professional use only. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: No special measures are required for small quantities under normal and intended conditions of product use. For professional use only. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Handle with care and dispose in a safe manner.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethanol alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ , (as F) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ , (as F) 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dust OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ , (as F) 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: No special measures are required for small quantities under normal and intended conditions of product use.
Environmental exposure controls	: No special measures are required for small quantities under normal and intended conditions of product use.
ndividual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: No special measures are required for small quantities under normal and intended conditions of product use.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should b worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 No special measures are required for small quantities under normal and intended conditions of product use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid. [Paste.]	
Color	Yellow. [Light]	
Odor	Fruity.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point	Not available.	
Boiling point	Not available.	
Flash point	Closed cup: 18°C (64.4°F) [Ethanol]	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	Not available.	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	~1.25	
Solubility	Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Solubility in water	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
SADT	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4230 mg/kg	-
alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	LD50 Oral	Rat	125 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on the criteria of the protocol, this product is considered non-cytotoxic per ISO 10993-5.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethanol alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	-	1 3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl bismethacrylate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Route of exposure	Target organs
	 	liver bones and teeth

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>	ects and also chronic effects from shor	<u>rt and long term exposu</u>	<u>re</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
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Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	3581.7 mg/kg 14580 mg/kg 145.8 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 227000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	Acute LC50 49000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	92 to 100 % - 14 days	-	-

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethanol	-	-	Readily
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate	0.42	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1170	UN1170	UN1170
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol solution	ETHANOL SOLUTION	Ethanol solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	II	П
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Special provisions 24, IB2, T4, TP1	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-D Special provisions 144	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 5 LPackaging instructions: 353Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantitylimitation: 60 LPackaging instructions: 364Limited Quantities -Passenger AircraftQuantitylimitation: 1 LPackaging instructions: Y341Special provisionsA3, A58, A180

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

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U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) P	AIR: med	uinol			
		Commerce o	ontrol li	st precu	rsor : alkali f	luorosilicates(N	a)
		United State	s invent	ory (TSC	A 8b): Not c	letermined.	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	-	Listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information of	<u>on</u>	<u>ingredients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable	Э.				
SARA 311/312							
Classification	:	Fire hazard Immediate (a Delayed (chro	,				
Composition/information of	<u>on</u>	•					
Name		%		Fire	Sudden	Reactive	Immedia

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethanol 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl	10-30 10-30 1-5	Yes. No. No.	No. No. No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes.	Yes. No. No.
bismethacrylate alkali fluorosilicates(Na)	0.1-1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts	The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; SODIUM SILICA FLUORIDE; MINERAL WOOL FIBER					
New York	: None of the components are listed.					
New Jersey	The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL; SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE; SILICATE(2-), HEXAFLUORO-, DISODIUM					
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL					
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Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
methanol	No.	No. Yes.	No.	23000 µg/day (ingestion) 47000 µg/day (inhalation)

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/16/2014
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: IHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
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Section 16. Other information

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

References

: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gel Etchant

Section 1. Identification						
GHS product identifier	: Gel Etchant					
Other means of identification	: Not available.					
Product type	: Gel.					
Relevantidentifiedusesofth	esubstanceormixtureandusesadvisedagainst					
Product use	: Etching gel.					
Area of application	: Professional applications.					
Manufacturer	: Kerr Corporation 1717 West Collins Avenue Orange, CA 92867-5422 Telephone no.: 1-800-KERR-123					
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: edwin.varela@kavokerrgroup.com					
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC® (24 hours) U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887					

Section 2. Hazards identification

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 1.2%
: Danger
: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer.
: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh
	air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CASnumber/otheridentifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable	9.		
Product code	: Not available.			
Ingredient name		Other names	%	CAS number
Phosphoric acid Cobalt aluminate blue spinel		orthophosphoric acid Cobalt aluminate blue spinel	30-60 0.1-1	7664-38-2 1345-16-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Descriptionofnecessaryfirstaidmeasures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/08/2014 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First aid measures			
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Mostimportantsymptoms/eff	ects.acuteanddelayed		
Potentialacutehealtheffects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.		
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.		
Over-exposuresigns/sympt	toms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indicationofimmediatemedic	alattentionandspecialtreatmentneeded.ifnecessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
See toxicological informatio	n (Section 11)		

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishingmedia	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides hydrogen.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personalprecautions.protecti	veequipmentandemergencyprocedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methodsandmaterialsforcontainmentandcleaningup			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautionsforsafehandling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

		5
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Controlparameters

Occupationalexposurelimits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Phosphoric acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 10 hours.	
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individualprotectionmeasur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skinprotection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- -	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	1	Liquid. [Gel]
Color	1	Blue.
Odor	1	Odorless.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	1
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility	1	Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Density	:	1 g/cm ³
Physical/chemical properties comments	:	Solvents: water, ≥60% Solid: ≥2%

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture. Incompatible with peroxides. Amines.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Informationontoxicologicaleffects

Acutetoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Phosphoric acid	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	2740 mg/kg 1.25 g/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on analysis and test results, this product is not considered as biocompatible per EN ISO 7405:2008 and EN ISO 10993-1:2009.				

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel	-	2B	-

Reproductivetoxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specifictargetorgantoxicity(singleexposure)

Not available.

Specifictargetorgantoxicity(repeatedexposure)

Not available.

Date of	issue/Dat	e of revisi	ion
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: 12/08/2014 Date of previous issue

vious issue : No pre

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Aspirationhazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	-	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potentialacutehealtheffects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	:	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptomsrelatedtothephy	/sic	cal.chemicalandtoxicologicalcharacteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delavedandimmediateeffects	an	dalsochroniceffectsfromshortandlongtermexposure
<u>Shorttermexposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Longtermexposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potentialchronichealtheffec Not available.	<u>:ts</u>	
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numericalmeasuresoftoxicit	v	

Acutetoxicityestimates

G	el Etchant			
Ç	Section 11. Toxicological information			
L	Route	ATE value		
	Oral Dermal	3198.8 mg/kg 7198.8 mg/kg		

TOXICITY			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
		Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	48 hours 96 hours

Persistenceanddegradability

Not available.

Tovicity

Bioaccumulativepotential

Not available.

Mobilityinsoil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1805	UN1805	UN1805
UN proper shipping name	Phosphoric acid solution RQ (Phosphoric acid)	PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION	Phosphoric acid, solution
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8

Section 14. Transport information

	. Transport informati		
Packing group	111		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportablequantity12719.1 lbs / 5774.5 kg [1525.5gal / 5774.5 L]Package sizes shipped inquantities less than the productreportable quantity are notsubject to the RQ (reportablequantity) transportationrequirements.LimitedquantityYes.PackaginginstructionPassenger aircraftQuantity limitation: 5 LCargo aircraftQuantity limitation: 60 LSpecialprovisionsA7, IB3, N34, T4, TP1	Emergencyschedules(EmS) F-A, S-B Specialprovisions 223	PassengerandCargoAircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Packaging instructions: 852 CargoAircraftOnlyQuantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 856 LimitedQuantities- PassengerAircraftQuantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: Y841 Specialprovisions A3

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA302/304	
Composition/informationo	ningredients
No products were found.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

SARA311/312

: Not applicable.

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/informationoningredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Phosphoric acid	30-60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel	0.1-1	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA313

Not applicable.

Stateregulations

Massachusetts

New York

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID

New fork

: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid

New Jersey : The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; COBALT compounds

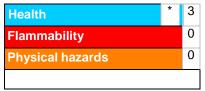
: The following components are listed: PHOSPHORIC ACID; COBALT COMPOUNDS

CaliforniaProp.65

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

HazardousMaterialInformationSystem(U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

NationalFireProtectionAssociation(U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/08/2014
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: IHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Noticetoreader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.